



ASTHMA

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Introduction

Wodonga Primary School is committed to our student's health and wellbeing.

Purpose

To ensure that Wodonga Primary School appropriately supports students diagnosed with asthma.

Objective

To explain to parents/carers, staff and students within the school staff, the processes and procedures in place to support students diagnosed with asthma.

Scope

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including casual relief staff, contractors and volunteers; and
- all students who have been diagnosed with asthma or who may require emergency treatment for asthma and their parents/carers.

Asthma

Definition

Asthma is a long term lung condition. People with asthma have sensitive airways in their lungs, which react to triggers, causing a 'flare-up'. In a flare-up, the muscles around the airway squeeze tight, the airways swell and become narrow, and there is more mucus. This makes it hard to breathe. An asthma flare-up can come on slowly (over hours, days or even weeks) or very quickly (over minutes). A sudden or severe asthma flare-up is sometimes called an asthma attack.

Symptoms

Symptoms of asthma can vary over time and often vary from person to person. The most common asthma symptoms are:

- breathlessness;
- wheezing (a whistling noise from the chest);
- tight feeling in the chest; and/or
- persistent cough.

Symptoms often occur at night, early in the morning or during/just after physical activity. If asthma is well controlled, a person should only have occasional asthma symptoms.



Triggers

A trigger is something that sets off or starts asthma symptoms. Everyone with asthma has different triggers. For most people with asthma, triggers are only a problem when asthma is not well controlled with medication. Common asthma triggers include:

- exercise
- smoke (cigarette smoke, wood smoke from open fires, burn-offs or bushfires)
- house dust mites
- pollens
- food chemicals/additives
- chemicals such as household cleaning products
- deodorants (including perfumes, after-shaves, hair spray and aerosol deodorant sprays)
- colds/flu
- weather changes such as thunderstorms and cold, dry air
- moulds
- animals such as cats and dogs
- laughter or emotions, such as stress
- certain medications (including aspirin and anti-inflammatories)

Asthma Management

If a student diagnosed with asthma enrolls at Wodonga Primary School:

1. Parents/carers must provide the school with an [Asthma Care Plan](#), which has been completed by the student's medical practitioner. The plan must outline:
 - the prescribed medication is taken by the student and when it is to be administered, for example as a pre-medication to exercise or regularly;
 - emergency contact details;
 - the contact details of the student's medical practitioner;
 - the student's known triggers; and
 - the emergency procedures to be taken in the event of an asthma flare-up or attack.
2. Parents/carers should also provide a photo of the student to be included as part of the student's Asthma Care Plan.
3. All Asthma Care Plans will be securely stored in the following locations:
 - **Administration office**
 - **First Aid room**
4. School staff may also work with parents/carers to develop a Student Health Support Plan, which will include details on:
 - how the school will provide support for the student;
 - identify specific strategies; and
 - allocate staff to assist the student.
5. If a student diagnosed with asthma is attending a school camp or excursion, parents/carers are required to provide any updated medical information.
6. If a student's asthma condition or treatment requirements change, parent/carers must notify the school and provide an updated Asthma Care Plan.
7. School staff will work with parents/carers to review Asthma Care Plans (and Student Health Support Plans) once a year.



Student Asthma Kit

All students diagnosed with asthma are required to have a student asthma kit at school, which contains:

- their prescribed reliever medication labelled with their name; and
- their spacer (if they use one).

Student asthma kits will be stored in the First Aid Room.

Asthma Emergency Response Plan

If a student is:

- having an asthma attack; and
- having difficulty breathing for an unknown cause, even if they are not known to have asthma

...the school staff will endeavour to follow the Asthma First Aid procedures outlined in the table below. School staff may contact Triple Zero "000" at any time.

Step	Action
1.	Sit the person upright. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be calm and reassuring.• Do not leave them alone.• Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to locate the student's reliever, the Asthma Emergency Kit and the student's Asthma Care Plan (if available).• If the student's action plan is not immediately available, use the Asthma First Aid as described in Steps 2 to 5.
2.	Give four separate puffs of blue or blue/grey reliever puffer: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shake the puffer.• Use a spacer if you have one.• Put one puff into the spacer.• Take four breaths from the spacer. Remember – Shake, one puff, four breaths
3.	Wait 4 minutes <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If there is no improvement, give four more separate puffs of a blue/grey reliever as above (or give one more dose of Bricanyl or Symbicort inhaler)
4.	If there is still no improvement call Triple Zero "000" and ask for an ambulance. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tell the operator the student is having an asthma attack• Keep giving four separate puffs every 4 minutes until emergency assistance arrives (or 1 dose of Bricanyl or Symbicort every 4 minutes – up to 3 doses of Symbicort)
5.	If asthma is relieved after administering Asthma First Aid, stop the treatment and observe the student. Notify the student's emergency contact person and record the incident

Staff will call Triple Zero "000" immediately if:

- the person is not breathing;
- if the person's asthma suddenly becomes worse or is not improving;
- if the person is having an asthma attack and a reliever is not available;
- if they are not sure if it is asthma; and/or
- if the person is known to have anaphylaxis.



Training for Staff

Member Schools will arrange the following asthma management training for staff:

Staff	Completed by	Course	Provider	Cost	Valid for
Group 1 General Staff	School staff with a direct teaching role with students affected by asthma or other school staff directed by the Principal after conducting a risk assessment.	Asthma first aid management for education staff (non-accredited) One hour face-to-face or online training.	The Asthma Foundation of Victoria	Free to all schools	3 years
Group 2 Specific Staff	Staff working with high-risk children with a history of severe asthma, or with direct student wellbeing responsibility, (including nurses, PE/sports teachers, first aid and school staff attending camp)	<i>Course in Management of Asthma Risks and Emergencies in the Workplace</i> 22282VIC (accredited) OR <i>Course in Emergency Asthma Management</i> 10392NAT (accredited)	Any RTO that has this course in their scope of practice	Paid by each Member School	3 years

An annual briefing for all staff will be conducted on:

- the procedures outlined in this policy;
- the causes, symptoms and treatment of asthma;
- identities of the students diagnosed with asthma;
- how to use a puffer and spacer;
- the location of:
 - the Asthma Emergency Kits; and
 - asthma medication which has been provided by parents for student use.

Our school will also provide this policy to casual relief staff and volunteers who will be working with students and may also provide a briefing if the Principal deems it is necessary depending on the nature of the work being performed.

Asthma Emergency Kit

Wodonga Primary School will provide and maintain at least two Asthma Emergency Kits. One kit will be kept on school premises at First Aid Room and one will be a mobile kit for activities such as:

- camps and excursions.

Wodonga Primary School has additional kits for every 300 students located in the First Aid Rooms.

The Asthma Emergency Kit will contain:

- at least one blue or blue/grey reliever medication such as Airomir, Admol or Ventolin;
- at least two spacer devices (for single person use only) to assist with effective inhalation of the blue or blue/grey reliever medication (Each Member School will ensure spare spacers are available as replacements). Spacers will be stored in a dust proof container;
- clear written instructions on Asthma First Aid, including:
 - how to use the medication and spacer devices.
 - steps to be taken in treating an asthma attack.



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- A record sheet/log for recording the details of an asthma first aid incident, such as the number of puffs administered.

The First Aid Officer will monitor and maintain the Asthma Emergency Kits. They will:

- ensure all contents are maintained and replaced where necessary;
- regularly check the expiry date on the canisters of the blue or blue/grey reliever puffers and place them if they have expired or are low on doses;
- replace spacers in the Kits after each use (spacers are single-person use only); and
- dispose of any previously used spacers.

The blue or blue/grey reliever medication in the Asthma Emergency Kits may be used by more than one student as long as they are used with a spacer. If the devices come into contact with someone's mouth, they will not be used again and will be replaced.

After each use of a blue or blue/grey reliever (with a spacer):

- remove the metal canister from the puffer (do not wash the canister);
- wash the plastic casing;
- rinse the mouthpiece through the top and bottom under running water for at least 30 seconds;
- wash the mouthpiece cover;
- air dry then reassemble; and
- test the puffer to make sure no water remains in it, then return to the Asthma Emergency Kit.

Management of Confidential Medical Information

The confidential medical information provided to each Member School to support a student diagnosed with asthma will be:

- recorded on the student's file; and
- shared with all relevant staff so that they can properly support students diagnosed with asthma and respond appropriately if necessary.

Epidemic Thunderstorm Asthma

Each Member School will be prepared to act on the warnings and advice from the Department of Education and Training when the risk of epidemic thunderstorm asthma is forecast as high.

Further Information and Resources

- Asthma Foundation Victoria: [Resources for schools](#)
- School Policy and Advisory Guide:
 - [Asthma](#)
 - [Asthma Attacks: Treatment](#)
 - [Asthma Emergency Kits](#)

Review Cycle

This policy will be updated yearly.